

SKAGIT ENVIRONMENTAL BANK

Skagit County, Washington

Wetland Mitigation Bank

Wetland Delineation Report

Prepared for

The Mitigation Bank Review Team

Prepared by

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Skagit Environmental Bank Wetland Delineation

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Introduction

The first draft of this delineation, dated December 10, 2004, described wetland boundaries and areas on the bank site. Since then, bank design changes made during the course of the bank design review process changed the boundary of the bank site. In addition, wetland areas and boundaries changed to reflect changes in the field that were verified by the corps and ecology during an on-site visit, May 24, 2005. The areas in this report were calculated using GIS technology. As a result, the acreages of bank area and delineated wetlands changed. The information in this report supersedes all information in the December 2004 report.

This report describes a wetland delineation of the 370-acre Skagit Environmental Bank site conducted by Kevin F. Noon, Ph.D. PWS of Sustainable Environments LLC on December 1, 2, 3, and 4, 2004. We met with the MBRT on the site on April 12, 2004 and with Gail Terzi (USACE) and Christina Merten (WADOE) on May 24, 2005, during the beginning of the growing season, for final field verification of the existence of hydric conditions due to spring ponding in those areas currently mapped and to include any additional areas based on evidence that they pond water for a consecutive number of days between 5 percent (12 days) and 12.5 percent (30 days) or more of the growing season.

The proposed Skagit Environmental Bank (Bank) site is located 1.5 miles northeast of the Mt. Vernon urban center in Sections 10, 11, 15, and 14, Township 34 North, Range 4 East on the Mount Vernon 7.5 minute USGS quadrangle map, Skagit County, and in the Washington State Water Resource Inventory Lower Skagit-Samish Watershed Area 03.

Methods

Several information sources were reviewed, for data pertinent to making the wetland determination, prior to conducting the site delineation, e.g., the site topographic map; site plan;

aerial photographs; *County Soil Survey*; U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service, *Hydric Soils of the United States*; and the U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, *National List of Plant Species That Occur in Wetlands*.

Wetlands were delineated in the field using the 1987 *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* and the *Washington State Wetlands Identification and Delineation Manual* and mapped. Please see Figure: Skagit Environmental Bank Wetland Delineation.

The methods require the use of the three wetland parameter methodology (the presence of wetland hydrology, hydrophytic vegetation and hydric soils) on undisturbed wetlands when making determinations; this included the edges of the riverine wetlands. Transects were established perpendicular to the edge of the wetland plant communities approximately every 300 feet along the wetland edge or where plant communities changed. Observation points were established along the transects, and vegetation, soil, and hydrologic characteristics were located on the Wetland Delineation Map and recorded on Data Forms (the Data Forms are appended). Numerous sampling observations were taken along the wetland boundary and in-between the formal transect locations to verify the presence or absence of wetland conditions. Positive indicators of all three parameters were present, on site, in the areas delineated as vegetated wetlands or palustrine: persistent.

Methods for Initial Field Delineation (December 2004) of the Wetland Boundaries

On disturbed areas, where vegetation was removed by plowing or agricultural activity (palustrine: non-persistent and plowed) the delineation was based on one or more of the following indicators (where available):

- Predominance of hydrophytic vegetation, that pioneered into the plowed fields
- Evidence of ponding after a recent storm event. For example, there was a storm event (1.76 inches of recorded rainfall) on November 24, 2004 which was six days before the delineation and there was a significant storm event one day before the spring growing season follow-up site visit in May.
- Spring and fall precipitation data form 2003, and 2004
- The dairy farmer's understanding of areas that pond during the early part of the growing season
- Long-term hydric soil characteristics identified in the field
- Topography and the location of drainage ditches

Methods for Final Verification (May 2005) of the Wetland Boundaries

On disturbed areas, where vegetation was removed by plowing or agricultural activity, the following indicators were used to make the final wetland delineation:

- Evidence of ponding
- Spring and fall precipitation data form 2003, 2004, and 2005
- The dairy farmer's understanding of areas that pond during the growing season

Topography

Results

Of the proposed 370-acre bank site area (including buffers and without the water line easement) the total area of existing wetlands is 53 acres comprised of: The vegetated wetlands (palustrine, persistent - 19 acres), the ditches (palustrine persistent - 7 acres) the plowed areas (palustrine, non-persistent and plowed - 21 acres) and the riverine (the area of the stream channel and wetland vegetation along the edges - 6 acres). Three different types of wetlands were classified according to the *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Cowardin et al. 1979). The "ditch" classification was added as requested by the Corps representative.

1. Palustrine Wetland: Persistent (19 acres within the bank site)

Classification:

System: Palustrine
Class: Emergent
Subclass: Persistent; Persistent not Plowed

This area is comprised of the reed canary grass meadows in the floodway of the Nookachamps and to the East Fork. The grass meadows are currently fallow. These areas are occasionally grazed or mowed.

The reed-canary-grass meadows areas have all three indicators of wetland condition throughout most of the growing season. The soil hydrology is beyond the influence of plowing or drainage ditches but closely tied to fluctuations in the river levels. They are "Regularly Inundated or Saturated" more than 61 but less than 182 (>25% - 75%) days of the growing season.

2. Palustrine Wetland: Non-Persistent and Plowed (21 acres within the bank site)

Classification:

System: Palustrine
Class: Emergent
Subclass: Non-Persistent and Plowed

These areas were graded level for row crop planting and are plowed and planted in corn or other upland cover crop during the dry part of the growing season but considered hydric - if left fallow, they would likely re-establish as wetlands. A few of these areas had wetland plant species pioneering after the corn was removed, in the late fall rainy season. The primary indicator was the presence of ponding or surface flow after rain storms in the spring. There were no hydric soil indicators present and there was no indication that these wetlands are connected to ground-water hydrology.

3. Riverine Wetland (6 acres within the bank site)

Classification:

System: Riverine
Subsystem: Lower Perennial
Class: Aquatic Bed
Subclass: Cobble, gravel, sand, organic

The riverine wetlands are those areas within the creek channels, within the ordinary highwater limits, along the Nookachamps and the East Fork of the Nookachamps. The area also includes the vegetated wetlands adjacent to the ordinary high water line, typically narrow strips of scrub/shrub habitat.

4. Ditches (7 acres within the bank site)

The area in the ditches was measured from top of bank to top of bank. Hydrologic indicators in the soils were not present along the sides or at the top of bank along any of the drainage ditches; therefore the actual wetland area is slightly overestimated. The bottom area of the ditches is "Regularly Inundated or Saturated" more than 61 but less than 182 (>25% - 75%) days of the growing season. The sides of the ditches are inundated periodically and the inundation depends directly on when the creeks rise and back up into the ditches.

Vegetation

According to the Soil Survey of Skagit County Area, Washington (Soil Conservation Service issued in 1989) the growing season is 242 days from March 14 through November 11.

The Palustrine Wetland (persistent but not plowed) areas have all three indicators of wetland condition throughout most of the growing season and are comprised primarily of *Phalaris arundinacea*, reed canary grass (facw); *Ranunculus repens*, creeping buttercup (facw); and *Alopecurus pratensis*, meadow foxtail (facw). The following are scattered throughout:

Rumex obtusifolius, bitter dock (fac)

Rumex crispus, curly dock (facw)

Ranunculus acris, tall buttercup (facw)

Packera indecora, mt. butterweed (facw)

Trifolium repens, white clover (facu)

Lolium arundinaceum, tall fescue (fac)

Juncus effusus, soft rush (facw+)

Juncus ensifolius, dagger-leaf rush (facw)

Some areas determined as wetland according to existence of surface water flow (located in the southern half of the bank site) are comprised primarily of *Trifolium repens*, white clover (facu); with *Dactalis glomerata*, orchard grass (facu); *Lolium arundinaceum*, tall fescue (facu-); and the following were scattered throughout:

Matricaria discoidea, pineapple weed (facu)

Plantago major, broadleaf plantain (facu)

Capsella bursa-pastoris, shepards purse (facu)

Equisetum sp. (fac)

Cirsium sp., thistle (facu)

Disacus fullonum, teasel (facu)

Stellaria crispa, chickweed (fac +)

Phalaris arundinacea, reed canary grass (facw)

Packera indecora, mt. butterweed (facw)

There are individuals, or patches of, woody plant species scattered throughout the vegetated wetland areas (primarily as scrub/shrub edges to the riverine systems) and found along the upland edges of the riverine areas. These species include the following:

Populus balsamifera, black cottonwood (fac)

Alnus rubra, red alder (fac)

Rubus spectabilis, salmon berry (fac +)

Spirea douglasii, hardhack (facw)

Salix rigida, heartleaf willow (obl)

Salix scouleriana, scouler willow (fac)

Salix sitchensis, sitka willow (facw)

Rosa nutkana, nootka rose (fac)

Sambucus racemosa, red elderberry (facu)

Rubus procerus, Himalayan blackberry (facu)

Corylus cornuta, beaked hazelnut (facu)

Cornus sericea, red-osier dogwood (facw)

Rubus laciniatus, evergreen blackberry (facu+)

Crataegus douglasii, black hawthorn (fac)

Thuja plicata, cedar (fac)

The few plants that were found in the river channel (in very small patches), that could out compete the *Phalaris arundinacea*, reed canary grass (facw) include:

Iris pseudacorus, yellow iris (obl)

Nuphar luteum, yellow pond lilly (obl)

Most of the plants common in the plowed fields (palustrine, non-persistent and plowed) are grasses planted by the farmer as over-winter crops (primarily *Dactalis glomerata*, orchard grass, facu; and *Trifolium repens*, white clover, facu). Upland and wetland pioneer plants established in between the planted species. Where present, plant dominance was one factor used in determining the wetland boundaries in the plowed areas. However, most of the plowed areas had no plants growing, in one fallow field area in the southern portion of the site the wetland contained all upland plants – the wetland was defined by the area of recent precipitation runoff. The vegetation that was present in some of the plowed wetlands or uplands (depending on dominance) included the following:

Ranunculus repens, creeping buttercup (facw)

Plantago major, broadleaf plantain (facu)

Phalaris arundinacea, reed canary grass (facw)

Stellaria crispa, chickweed (fac+)
Festuca rubra, red fescue (fac+)
Lolium arundinaceum, tall fescue (fac)
Cirsium sp., thistle (facu)
Disacus fullonum, teasel (fac)
Rumex crispus, curly dock (facw)

Soils

According to the Soil Survey of Skagit County Area, Washington (Soil Conservation Service compiled in 1980) there are five mapped silt-loam soil series on the bank site.

The southern portion of the bank site consists primarily of the:

- Bellingham silt-loam series (which is a deep, poorly drained and formed in old alluvium and lacustrine material) where drainage ditches are used to lower the water table, and the
- Nookachamps silt-loam series (which consists of very deep, poorly drained floodplain soils formed in alluvium), where drainage has been altered by tilling and ditches are used to lower the water table during the growing season, with portions of the
- Skipopa silt-loam series (which is a very deep and somewhat poorly drained, formed on the floodplain terraces).

The central portion of the bank site consists of the:

- Sumas silt-loam series (which is a very deep, poorly drained floodplain soil formed in alluvium) where drainage has been altered by tilling, and of the
- Field silt-loam series (which is a very deep, moderately well drained soil on the floodplain).

The northern portion of the bank site consists of the:

- Sumas silt-loam series (which is a very deep, poorly drained floodplain soil formed in alluvium) where drainage has been altered by tilling, and of the
- Nookachamps silt-loam series (which consists of very deep, poorly drained floodplain soils formed in alluvium), where drainage has been altered by tilling and ditches are used to lower the water table during the growing season.

Hydric soil indicators were identified and hydric soils were delineated in the field using the *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United State, Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils, Version 5.01* (NRCS and the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils 2003).

Field samples from plowed areas suggest that the soils have been modified by tilling and drainage ditching. Variations in these soil conditions are described on the field data sheets. Despite the affects of plowing, some soils still contain hydric characteristics. Those areas were mapped as wetlands (palustrine, non-persistent and plowed).

Most of the soils sampled during the delineation process, and delineated as palustrine: persistent wetlands, where plowing has not occurred in the last 8 years, exhibited hydric characteristics typical of the soil series descriptions.

Hydrology

Two hydrologic sources are at work which affect the soil hydrologic conditions on the Skagit bank site during the growing season. Evidence of the affects of both sources was used to delineate all wetlands.

- 1. Precipitation drainage areas and/or ponding from above-ground sources such as rainfall and river bank overtopping, and
- 2. Shallow ground-water fluctuation.

The following are the three hydrologic categories that distinguish wetlands from non-wetlands.

- Areas which are inundated and/or saturated to the surface for a consecutive number of days for more than 12.5 percent (30 days) of the growing season are wetlands, provided the soil and vegetation parameters are met.
- Areas inundated or saturated to the surface for a consecutive number of days between 5 percent (12 days) and 12.5 percent (30 days) of the growing season in most years may or may not be wetlands.
- Areas inundated or saturated to the surface for less than 5 percent of the growing season are non-wetlands.

Evidence of soil saturation, evidence of surface ponding, 2003,2004 and 2005 spring and fall precipitation data, the farmers opinions, and well data were used to identify evidence of hydric of non-hydric conditions and to determine the timing and duration of inundation. The evidence suggests that the palustrine (non-persistent and plowed) wetland areas are inundated or saturated to the surface for a consecutive number of days between 5 percent (12 days) and 12.5 percent (30 days) of the growing season in most years.

Soil, hydrology, and vegetation conditions in the palustrine (persistent) wetlands suggest that they are areas which are inundated and/or saturated to the surface for a consecutive number of days for more than 12.5 percent (30 days) of the growing season.

Precipitation or Ponding from Above-Ground Sources

Artificial drains and graded surface conditions are reducing the affects of precipitation and ponding. The farm fields have been graded to form levees which are elevated edges along the portions of the Nookachamps and the East Fork. These edges serve to confine the flow of the river to certain elevations in specific reaches of the creeks. Because they are not contiguous levees along all sides of the creeks, extreme high water can access the adjacent fields from banks that are not leveed. Therefore, the term "levee" is incorrect; they function as graded berms or elevated edges.

Field observations suggest that floodplain configuration may significantly affect the duration of inundation. The elevated riverine edges form slopes in the field that effectively drain surface water away from the creeks and toward the drainage ditches. The plowed floodplain fields have also been graded to slope towards a network of drainage ditches that are strategically located through low areas in the fields. Where the floodplain configuration is conducive to rapid runoff towards the ditches, the duration of ponding appears to be reduced. According to the dairy farmer, this system effectively drains most, but not all, surface water and prevents most ponding in the spring.

There are several swales within the proposed bank site that are plowed annually and serve to convey surface drainage. These areas are included within the Palustrine **Wetland: Non-Persistent and Plowed** acreage tally. The **Ditch** wetlands are permanent and deeply cut (from 4 to 12 feet deep). The total length of the ditches within the bank site is 6,400 feet.

- North-half Ditch (3,430 feet long) is a series of three ditches connected in a "T" formation that drain north into the Nookachamps. The western ditch varies in depth from 4 to 5 feet down its length. The eastern ditch varies in dept from 6 feet to 10 feet down its length. The northern ditch also serves as the lowest end of Mud Lake Creek and connects with the Nookachamps. This ditch varies in depth from 10 to 12 feet down its length.
- South-half Ditch (2,970 feet long) is located in the south-central portion of the bank site area. The depth varies from 4 feet at the eastern end to more than 6 feet before draining west into the Nookachamps.

Shallow Ground-Water Fluctuation

In addition to draining surface water, the ditches serve as conduits that drain ground water. They are hydrologic boundaries which are deep enough to intercept ground water levels during the growing season. As the creeks recede, the ground water is drawn into the ditches and flows out into the creek channels. The water levels in the wells correlated with the water levels in the adjacent ditches during the time of the delineation. The ditches are functioning for the farmer by intercepting the ground water and diverting it to the creeks.

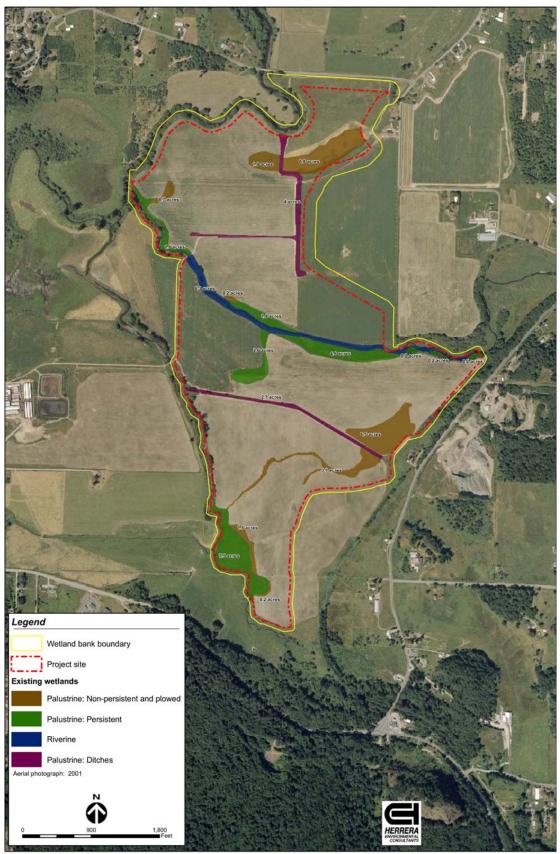
Assumptions

The current assumption (which is based on observation of field conditions and comparison of conditions in historic aerial photographs) is that plowing and grading coupled with the network of drainage ditches has significantly altered the hydrology of the plowed fields.

The drainage ditch system, if left in place and if the plowed fields were left fallow, would continue to effectively drain major portions of the fields and maintain the soils in non-hydric conditions during the growing season.

- The soils survey aerial photograph (1971) and the aerial photographs from the NRCS (taken in the 1940's) show that the plowed fields had areas with distinct natural drainage features and no artificial drainage ditches.
- Recent aerial photographs and field observations show no evidence of natural drainage in the farmed fields. Berms were created along the edges of most fields and the fields were graded to drain surface water into major drainage ditches.
- Soils in areas where the ditches and grading are ineffective, in draining the surface water or shallow ground water flows, contain hydric soil characteristics and some pioneer hydrophytic plants. Those areas are mapped as palustrine non-persistent and plowed wetlands.

FIGURES



Skagit Environmental Bank Wetland Delineation

FIELD DATA SHEETS

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	1a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Phalaris arundinacea, reed canary grass	100%	FACW	9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 100					
Remarks					

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators:
 Stream, part of Mud Lake Drain 	☐ Inundated
Aerial Photographs	 Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines ☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSER	VATIONS	
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER	FLOWING FROM SURFACE SPRING	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT	(IN)	☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data
DEPTH TO SATURATED SOIL	(IN)	☐ FAC-Neutral Test☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

SOILS

Map Unit Name (Series and Phase): Nookachamps - hydric Drainage Class:						
Taxonomy (Su	bgroup)		Field Observations Confirm Mapped Type? YES NO			
		PROF	ILE DESCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Colors (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
9"		2.5 y 4/4	5y 5/1	numerous	Silt loam	
12"		2.5y 6/1	10yr 5/8	numerous		
		HYDRIC	SOIL INDICAT	ORS:		
☐ Histos	ol		☐ Cone	cretions		
☐ Histic	Epipedon		☐ High	Organic Content in Su	rface Layer in	
☐ Sulfidio	c Odor		Sand	dy Soils		
☐ Aquic	Moisture Regir	ne	☐ Orga	anic Streaking in Sandy	Soils	
	ing Conditions		Listed on Local Hydric Soils List			
☐ Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors			 Listed on National Hydric Soils List 			
Other (Explain in Remarks)						
Remarks: Typical Nookachamp series. Organic layer						

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	NO	La dia Canalina Briat William Wallando	VEO
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

End 1a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	1b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> , tall fescue	60%	FACU	9		
2 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	20%	FACU	10		
3 Phalaris arundinacea, reed canary grass	20%	FACW	11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 20					
Remarks Plowed area					

	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
☐ Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	Primary Indicators:
Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	☐ Inundated
Aerial Photographs	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
Other	☐ Water Marks
	☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSERVA	TIONS	
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER	(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT	(IN)	12 Inches ☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data
DEPTH TO SATURATED SOIL	(IN)	☐ FAC-Neutral Test ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

SOILS					
Map Unit Nan	ne (Series and	l Phase): Nooka	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field Observation	s Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>
		PRC	FILE DESCRIPTION	NC	
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Colors (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.
12"		10 yr 4/2	No mottling, pore coatings or redox concentrations		Silt loam
		HYDR	IC SOIL INDICATO	ORS:	
Sulfid Aquid Redu Gleye	sol Epipedon lic Odor Moisture Reg cing Conditioned or Low-Chro	ıs	Soils Organi Listed Listed	etions rganic Content in Surfa c Streaking in Sandy So on Local Hydric Soils Li on National Hydric Soils Explain in Remarks)	oils st
				nnel shown in 1940's ae arch around south edge	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Comming Daint Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		

Remarks

Entier field graded, no evidence of former creek channel. Plowed occasionally.

End 1b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	2a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Bare soil			9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-)					
Remarks Plowed soils, 100%					

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
Trecorded Data (Describe III Remarks)	Primary Indicators:
 Stream, part of Mud Lake Drain 	☐ Inundated
☐ Aerial Photographs	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	☐ Water Marks
	☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSER	VATIONS	
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER	FLOWING FROM SURFACE SPRING	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT	(IN)	☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data
DEPTH TO SATURATED SOIL	(IN)	☐ FAC-Neutral Test☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

SOILS

JOILS	SOLO						
Map Unit Name (Series and Phase): Nookachamps - hydric Drainage Class:							
Taxonomy (Su	ibgroup)		Field Observations Confirm Mapped Type? YES NO				
		PROF	ILE DESCRIPTI	ON			
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Colors (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.		
9"		2.5 y 4/4	5y 5/1	occasional	Silt loam		
12"		2.5y 6/1	10yr 5/8	occasional			
		HYDRIC	SOIL INDICAT	ORS:			
☐ Histos	ol		☐ Con	cretions			
☐ Histic	Epipedon		☐ High Organic Content in Surface Laye				
☐ Sulfidi	c Odor			dy Soils	•		
☐ Aquic	Moisture Regir	ne	☐ Orga	anic Streaking in Sandy	Soils		
Reducing Conditions			☐ Liste	ed on Local Hydric Soils	List		
Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors			Liste	ed on National Hydric S	oils List		
Other (Explain in Remarks)							
Remarks: Typical Nooka	chamn series						
i ypiodi i vooka	onamp sones.						

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La this Consuling Daint Within a Western 10	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

Plowed Conditions and likely wet. Same landscape position as Sample Point 1a

End 2a Wetland Determination Page 2

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	2b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1			9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 20					
Remarks Plowed soils, 100%					

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
Trecorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	Primary Indicators:
Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	☐ Inundated
Aerial Photographs	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	☐ Water Marks
	☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD	FIELD OBSERVATIONS								
DEPTH OF SURFA WATER	DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER		(IN)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more Oxidized Root Chan				
DEPTH TO FREE IN PIT	WATER		(IN) 12 Inches Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey						
DEPTH TO SATUR	RATED	(IN)			☐ FAC-Neutra ☐ Other (Expla		marks)		
SOILS									
Map Unit Name (Series and Phase): Nookachamps				- hydric	Drainage Class):			
Taxonomy (Subgroup)			Field Ol	bservation	s Confirm Mappe	ed Type?	YES	NO	
		PRC	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON				
Depth (inches)	orizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle (Munse	Colors Il Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Co t	ntras	Texture Concretic Structure,	ons,	
12"		10 yr 4/2	pore co	ottling, atings or dox ntrations			Silt loar	m	

HYDRIC SOIL INDICATORS: ☐ Histosol ☐ Concretions

— 1 11310301	- Concretions
Histic Epipedon	☐ High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy
Sulfidic Odor	Soils

☐ Aquic Moisture Regime
☐ Reducing Conditions
☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils
☐ Listed on Local Hydric Soils List

Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors

Listed on National Hydric Soils List

Other (Explain in Remarks)

Remarks:

Area is plowed annually, No evidence of old stream channel shown in 1940's aerial photo suggests this area was graded to force Mud Lake Creek into arch around south edge of field.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Comming Daint Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		

Remarks

Entier field graded, no evidence of former creek channel. Plowed annually. Same landscape position as 1b.

End 2b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	3a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator		
1 Bare soil	100%		9				
2			10				
3			11				
4			12				
5			13				
6			14				
7			15				
8			16				
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0							
Remarks Bare Soil plowed 2 weeks earlier. On Oct 3, 04 the ground water was -4 feet.							

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs In the swale that drains precip. and ground water	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS						
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER			(IN)	Second	Oxidized Root	ary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper		
DEPTH TO F IN PIT	REE WATER	(IN)			12 Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)			
DEPTH TO S SOIL	ATURATED	(IN)						
SOILS								
Map Unit Nan	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	s - hydric	;	Drainage Class:			
Taxonomy (Subgroup) Field			Field O	bservation	ns Confirm Mapped	Type?	YES	NO
		PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON			
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	sell (Munsell M		Mottle Abundance/Contr t		Texture Concretic Structure,	ons,
12"		10 yr 3/2	What appears to be short-tern redoximorphic feature: pore coatings				Silt loar	n
		HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO	DRS:			
Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors			Soils Organi Listed	etions Organic Content in S organic Content in S organic Sand on Sand on Local Hydric Soi on National Hydric S	y Soils Is List		Sandy	
	tu oi Low-Cillo			_	(Explain in Remarks			
Remarks:								

Within swale. Looks like disturbed sumas.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La this Consuling Daint Within a Western 19	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

End 3a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	3b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator		
1 Bare soil	100%		9				
2			10				
3			11				
4			12				
5			13				
6			14				
7			15				
8			16				
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0							
Remarks Bare soil plowed 2 weeks earlier. On Oct 3, 04 the ground water was -4 feet.							

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other – Nearby swale drains precip. and ground water	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF SI WATER	DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER		(IN)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper		
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER	(IN)			12 Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data		
DEPTH TO SA	ATURATED	(IN)			FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in F	:	
SOILS							
Map Unit Name (Series and Phase): Sumas -			ıs - hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Subgroup)		Field Ol	oservation	s Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>		
	PROFILE D		OFILE DE	SCRIPTION	NC		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	sell (Munsell Moist)		Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10 yr 3/2	No redoximorphic features: No mottling, pore coatings or redox concentrations			Silt loam	
		HYDR	RIC SOIL	INDICATO	DRS:		
☐ Histosol			Concre High O	etions rganic Content in Surfa	ce Layer in Sandy		

No hydric soil characteristics – looks like drained Sumas. Adjacent swale.

☐ Aquic Moisture Regime

☐ Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors

☐ Reducing Conditions

Remarks:

☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils

☐ Listed on Local Hydric Soils List

Other (Explain in Remarks)

Listed on National Hydric Soils List

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Comming Doint Within a Western Co	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		
Remarks				

End 3b Wetland Determination Page 2

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	4 upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	40%	FACU	9			
2 Festuca rubra, red fescue	20%	FAC+	10			
3 Bare soil	40%		11			
4			12			
5			13			
6			14			
7			15			
8			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						

Remarks

Check well #17 data early spring. On Oct 3, 04 the ground water was -4 feet.

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other – Ditch drains precip. and ground water	Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSERVATIONS							
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER		(IN)	Second	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Re			
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER		(IN)		12 Inches ☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data		
DEPTH TO SA SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)		
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	ıs - hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Su	ubgroup)		Field O	oservation	s Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRO	OFILE DE	SCRIPTION	NC		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Colors (Munsell Moist)		Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10 yr 4/3	No mottling, pore coatings or redox concentrations			Silt loam	
		HYDR	RIC SOIL	INDICATO	ORS:		
Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors]]] •	Soils Organi Listed	etions organic Content in Surfa or Streaking in Sandy So on Local Hydric Soils L on National Hydric Soils Explain in Remarks)	oils ist	
Remarks: No hydric so	lis. Adjacent	ditch.					

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Compling Doint Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				
Well #21 cap missing Pump + replace Stick up poped open.				

End 4 Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	County	Skagit	
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	5 upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	30%	FACU	9			
2 Festuca rubra, red fescue	2%	FAC+	10			
3 Bare soil	68%		11			
4			12			
5			13			
6			14			
7			15			
8			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						
Remarks						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other – Ditch drains hydrology	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
Other – Ditch drains hydrology	☐ Water Marks☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSERVATIONS							
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER		(IN)	Secon	ndary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data			
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT		(IN)					
DEPTH TO SA SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in		
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	e (Series and F	Phase): Sumas	- hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Su	ıbgroup)		Field NO	Observations Confirm Mapped Type? YES			
		PROF	ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	(Munsell (Mun		e Colors insell oist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10 yr 4/3 No		No		Silt loam	
		HYDRIC	SOII	INDICAT	ORS:		
☐ Histos	:ol	mbrae	JOOIL	_	cretions		
	Epipedon		High Organic Content in Surface Layer in				
Sulfidic Odor				San	dy Soils		
Aquic Moisture Regime				☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils			
Reducing Conditions				Listed on Local Hydric Soils List			
☐ Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors				Listed on National Hydric Soils ListOther (Explain in Remarks)			
Remarks:					- (=xpicar iii itomano)		
No hydric soi	ls. Adjacent d	litch.					

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Comming Daint Within a Westland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		

Remarks

In the same landscape position as this test plot, in the area located east of the drain and off of the bank site, the area does not have a ditch through it, however the area has standing water and hydric soils. Suggests that the ditches are effectively draining hydric soils around plot 5.

End 5 Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.04.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	6a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> , reed canary grass	100%	FACW	9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Specie	s that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 75%		
Remarks About 25% of this area is p	lowed but	included h	ere with the persistent, eme	rgent RCG	wetland.

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines ☐ Sediment Deposits

F	TELD OBSERV	ATIONS				
DEPTH OF SU WATER	JRFACE		(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more F Oxidized Root Chann 12 Inches		• /
DEPTH TO FF	REE WATER	(IN)			aves y Data	
DEPTH TO SA SOIL	ATURATED	(IN)			FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)	
SOILS	OILS					
Map Unit Name (Series and Phase): Field					Drainage Class:	
Taxonomy (Subgroup)		Field NO	Observat	ions Confirm Mapped 1	Type? YES	
PROFI			ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON	
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	(Mu	e Colors insell loist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.
12"		10yr 3/2	5)	/ 5/1	numerous	
	1	HYDRIC	SOIL	INDICAT	ORS:	
Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors				High Sand Orga Liste	cretions Organic Content in Sudy Soils Anic Streaking in Sandy Organic Organic Soils Organic Streaking in Sandy Organic Soils Or	Soils List oils List

Remarks:

Part of the ditch system

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	NO	La this Consuling Daint Within a Western 19	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks Central collection area for surfa	ice draii	nage		

End 6a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.04.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	6b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	20%	FACU	9		
2 <i>Trifolium repens</i> , white clover	10%	FACU	10		
3 <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> , tall fescue	20%	FACU-	11		
4 Bare soil	50%		12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species	s that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0		
Remarks					

HYDROLOGY

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	Drift Lines Sediment Deposits

Plowed. Vegetation is volunteer in between corn growing seasons.

F	FIELD OBSERV	ATIONS					
DEPTH OF SI WATER	URFACE		(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Re Oxidized Root Channel 12 Inches			
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER	(IN)			12 Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)		
DEPTH TO SA	ATURATED		(IN)				
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and F	Phase): Field			Drainage Class:		
Tayonomy (Subgroup)			Field NO	Observat	tions Confirm Mapped 1	ype? <u>YES</u>	
		PROF	ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	(Munsell (Mu		e Colors Insell Ioist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/3		No		Silt loam	
		HYDRIC	SOIL	INDICAT	ORS:		
Histic Sulfid Aquic Reduc	☐ Histosol ☐ Concretions ☐ Histic Epipedon ☐ High Organic Content in Surface Layer Sandy Soils ☐ Sulfidic Odor ☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils ☐ Reducing Conditions ☐ Listed on Local Hydric Soils List ☐ Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors ☐ Listed on National Hydric Soils List ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)				Soils List		
Remarks: Probably Field	d series						

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

End 6b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	County	Skagit	
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	7a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Stellaria crispa, chickweed	10%	FAC+			
2 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	10%	FACU			
3 Bare soil	80%				
4					
5					
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0					

Remarks

Located near ditch by the State Highway 9 house. Ground water is 4' down in top end of ditch. No soils in field Lots of ponding between furrows.

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated, ponding (between
☐ Aerial Photographs ☐ Other ☐ No Recorded Data Available	furrows) Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks Drift Lines

F	TIELD OBSERV	ATIONS					
DEPTH OF SI WATER	URFACE	(II)		Secon	ndary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12		
DEPTH TO FE	REE WATER		(IN)		Inches Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey		
DEPTH TO SA	ATURATED		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)		
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and F	Phase): Sumas	- hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Su	ubgroup)		Field NO	Observa	tions Confirm Mapped T	ype? <u>YES</u>	
		PROF	ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ION		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	(Mu	e Colors Insell Ioist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2 5y		y 5/1	numerous	Silt loam	
		HYDRIC	SOIL	INDICAT	ORS:		
Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors Remarks:			High Sand Orga	cretions n Organic Content in Sudy Soils anic Streaking in Sandy ed on Local Hydric Soils ed on National Hydric Ser (Explain in Remarks)	Soils List		
Looks like Su	ımas series						

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La this Committee Daint Within a Western of	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

Likely hydric. No evidence of surface drainage to the ditch. Hydric soils and ponding but no hydrophytes due to plowing.

End 7a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	7b wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Stellaria crispa, chickweed	10%	FAC+				
2 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	30%	FACU				
3 Bare soil	60%					
4						
5						
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						
Remarks More upland vegetation than adjacent sample plot 20-a						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated, ponding Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines☐ Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE		(IN)	Second	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Requi		
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER		(IN)		Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)		
DEPTH TO S. SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)				
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	s - hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field Ol	bservation	s Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle (Munse	Colors Il Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2	10yr 4/2 No mott pore coati redo concentra			Silt loam	
		HVDD		INDICATO) De:		
		IIIDN	.ic 30iL F	Concre			
☐ Histosol ☐ Histic Epipedon ☐ Sulfidic Odor		[_	erions organic Content in Surfa	ce Layer in Sandy		
_	: Moisture Regi	ime		Organi	c Streaking in Sandy So	oils	
Reducing Conditions				Listed	on Local Hydric Soils Li	st	
Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors			• Г	_	on National Hydric Soils Explain in Remarks)	s List	
Remarks:					Explain in Nemarks)		
Looks like dr	ained Sumas	series					

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La this Committee Daint Within a Western 19	VEC **
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u> **
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO**</u>		

Remarks

Ground water is 4' down in top end of ditch.

Likely hydric. No evidence of surface drainage to the ditch.

End 7b Wetland Determination

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ No hydric soils in field but Lots of ponding, since no veg or soils the boundary defined by extent of ponding in furrows.

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	8 upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 <i>Trifolium repens</i> , white clover	30%	FACU			
2 Phalaris arundinacea, reed canary grass	10%	FACW			
3 Bare soil	60%				

Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 10%

Remarks

Plowed. Water level in nearby ditch (ground water) is 5.8' below surface on Dec 3. Depth in ditch correlates with depth in well 23. Obviously drains surrounding groundwater, former soils are listed as hydric.

Some surface ponding in small spots probably from rain that day. No evidence on soils or veg of long term

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	☐ Water Marks☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	Sediment Deposits

	F	FIELD OBSER\	/ATIONS					
	DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE		(IN)	Second	dary Indicators (2 or mo	• •	
	DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER		(IN)		12 Inches Water-Stained Lea Local Soil Survey		
	DEPTH TO S. SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)		☐ FAC-Neutral Test ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)		
	SOILS							
	Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and	Phase): Field			Drainage Class:		
	Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field Ol	oservation	ns Confirm Mapped Typ	e? <u>YES</u>	NO
	PRO			FILE DE	FILE DESCRIPTION			
	Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle (Munsel	Colors Il Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Textur Concreti Structure	ons,
	12"		10 yr 4/2	No mottling, pore coatings, or redox concentrations			Silt loa	ım
HYD			HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO	DRS:		
	Sulfid	sol Epipedon lic Odor Moisture Regincing Conditions and or Low-Chro	3]]]]	Soils Organi Listed	etions organic Content in Surfa or Streaking in Sandy S on Local Hydric Soils L on National Hydric Soil (Explain in Remarks)	oils ist	Sandy

Remarks: No hydric soils.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Watland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		
Remarks				

End 8 Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	9a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Stellaria crispa, chickweed	10%	FAC+				
2 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	40%	FACU				
3 Bare soil	10%					
4 Trifolium repens, white clover (facu)	40%	FACU				
5						
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						

Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0

Remarks

Located near ditch by the State Highway 9 house. Ground water is 4' down in top end of ditch.

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators:
☐ Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge☐ Aerial Photographs	 Inundated, serving as a drainage way for recent precipitation
☐ Other	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
	☐ Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines

				1			
F	FIELD OBSER'	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE		(IN)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper		
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT DEPTH TO SATURATED		(IN)			Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data		
DEPTH TO S SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)	FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Re		Remarks)	
SOILS							
Map Unit Nar	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	s - hydrid)	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field O	bservation	ns Confirm Mapped Typ	oe? YES <u>NO</u>	
	PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON			
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)		e Colors III Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2	redoxi	No morphic tures		Silt loam	
		HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO			
☐ ☐ Histo			l r	☐ Concre			
_	: Epipedon lic Odor		Į.		organic Content in Surfa	ce Layer in Sandy	
_	ime	[☐ Organi	c Streaking in Sandy S	oils		
	Moisture Regicing Condition		[Listed	on Local Hydric Soils L	ist	
_	ed or Low-Chro		(_	on National Hydric Soils	s List	
Remarks:				U Other ((Explain in Remarks)		
	umas series.	Plowed previo	ous year	but left fa	allow this year.		

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La this Committee Daint Within a Western 19	VEO
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		
Domarka				

Remarks

Likely hydric. No evidence of surface drainage to the ditch. Delineated based on evidence of recent precipitation drainage only. Supported by topographic configuration – swale.

End 9a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	9b upland

VEGETATION

VEGETATION						
Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 <i>Stellaria crispa</i> , chickweed	10%	FAC+				
2 Dactalis glomerata, orchard grass	40%	FACU				
3 Bare soil	10%					
4 Trifolium repens, white clover (facu)	40%	FACU				
5						
Percent of Dominant Species	s that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0			
Remarks						
Located near ditch by the State Highway 9 house. Ground water is 4' down in top end of ditch. Likely planted in fall with upland seed mix.						

☐ Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) ☐ Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge ☐ Aerial Photographs ☐ Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines ☐ Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE		(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required) Oxidized Root Channels in Up			
DEPTH TO F	REE WATER		(IN)		12 Inches Water-Stained Lea Local Soil Survey		
DEPTH TO S SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)	FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in			
SOILS							
Map Unit Nan	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	s - hydric	;	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field O	bservation	ns Confirm Mapped Typ	oe? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON		
Depth (inches)			Mottle Colors (Munsell Moist)		Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2	No redoximorphic features			Silt loam	
		LIVER	10.0011	INDIOATO			
	1	HYDK	IIC SOIL F	INDICATO			
☐ Histor		☐ Concretions ☐ High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sa Soils					
☐ ☐ Aquic		[–	c Streaking in Sandy S on Local Hydric Soils L			
_	cing Conditionated or Low-Chro		- • [Listed	on National Hydric Soil Explain in Remarks)		
Remarks:	rained Sumas	series. Plowe	ed previo		out left fallow this yea	r	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	In this Compline Doint Within a Watland?	YES
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

Not part of the swale system, no surface water drainage.

End 9b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	10a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Bare soil	100%					
2						
3						
4						
5						
Percent of Dominant Species	that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0			
Remarks						
Located near ditch by the State Highway 9 house. Ground water is 4' down in top end of ditch.						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators:
☐ Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge☐ Aerial Photographs	 Inundated, serving as a drainage way swale for recent precipitation
☐ Other	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches☐ Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	Drift Lines

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE		(IN)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in Remarks)		
DEPTH TO F IN PIT	REE WATER		(IN)				
DEPTH TO S SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)				
SOILS							
Map Unit Nan	ne (Series and	Phase): Suma	S		Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field O	bservatior	ns Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRC	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)		e Colors II Moist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2	redoxi	No morphic tures		Silt loam	
		HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO	DRS:		
☐ Sulfid☐ Aquid☐ Redu	sol Epipedon lic Odor Moisture Reg cing Condition ed or Low-Chro	s]]] •	Soils Organi Listed Listed	etions Organic Content in Surfa or Streaking in Sandy S on Local Hydric Soils L on National Hydric Soils (Explain in Remarks)	oils ist	
	rained Sumas	series. Plowe	ed two w	eeks earl	ier.		

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	In this Compline Doint Within a Watland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

Likely hydric. Delineated based on evidence of recent precipitation drainage only. Supported by topographic configuration – swale.

End 10a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	10b wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Bare soil	100%				
2					
3					
4					
5					
Percent of Dominant Species	that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0		
Remarks					

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	☐ Water Marks
_	☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

FIELD OBSER\	/ATIONS					
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER		(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper			
DEPTH TO FREE WATER IN PIT		(IN)		12 Inches Water-Stained Lea Local Soil Survey		
DEPTH TO SATURATED SOIL		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in I	Remarks)	
SOILS						
Map Unit Name (Series and	Phase): Suma	s - hydric	:	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Subgroup)		Field Ob		ns Confirm Mapped Typ	oe? YES <u>NO</u>	
	PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON		
Depth Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Insell (Munsell Moist)		Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"	10yr 4/2	10yr 4/2 No redoximorphic features			Silt loam	
_	HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO —	ORS:		
Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regir Reducing Conditions] [] []	Soils Organi Listed	organic Content in Surfact or Streaking in Sandy S on Local Hydric Soils L	oils ist	
Gleyed or Low-Chron	ma Colors		_	on National Hydric Soil (Explain in Remarks)	s List	

Looks like Sumas series. Plowed two weeks earlier.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

Not part of the swale system, no surface water drainage.

End 10b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	11a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 bare soil	100%		9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8			16		
Percent of Dominant Species	that are O	BL, FACW,	or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0		
Remarks					

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
` _ ` ` <i>_</i>	Primary Indicators:
Stream, flooded frequently	 Inundated, serving as a drainage
Aerial Photographs	way swale for recent precipitation
☐ Other	☐ Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
	☐ Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF SURFACE WATER (IN)		(IN)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required Oxidized Root Channels in Up		• •		
DEPTH TO F IN PIT	REE WATER		(IN)		12 Inches Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data		
DEPTH TO S SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in R	Remarks)	
SOILS							
Map Unit Nan	ne (Series and	Phase): Nooka	achamps	- hydric	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field O	bservatior	ns Confirm Mapped Type	e? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRO	OFILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	(Munsell (Munsell Mois		Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/2	lyr 4/2 No redoximorphic features			Silt laom	
		HYDR	RIC SOIL	INDICATO	DRS:		
	sol : Epipedon lic Odor]]	Soils	Organic Content in Surfa		
Aquic Moisture Regime			☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils☐ Listed on Local Hydric Soils List				

☐ Reducing Conditions

Remarks:

 \square Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors

Listed on National Hydric Soils List

Other (Explain in Remarks)

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	La thia Committee Daint Within a Wattan do	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	NO	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks Boundary determined by soil sa	aturation	only.		

End 11a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	5.22.05
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	11b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 bare soil	100%		9			
			10			
			11			
			12			
			13			
			14			
			15			
			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						
Remarks						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, flooded frequently Aerial Photographs Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines ☐ Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER	VATIONS					
DEPTH OF S WATER	URFACE	(IN)		Second	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Require Oxidized Root Channels in I		
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER		(IN)		12 Inches ☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data		
DEPTH TO S	ATURATED		(IN)		FAC-Neutral Test Other (Explain in F	Remarks)	
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and	Phase): Nooka	achamps	- hydric	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)		Field O	bservatio	ns Confirm Mapped Typ	e? YES <u>NO</u>	
		PRO	FILE DE	SCRIPTION	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle (Munse	Colors	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		10yr 4/3	10yr 4/3 No redox features: No mottling, pore coatings or redox conentrations			Silt loam	
		HYDR	IC SOIL	INDICATO	ORS:		
Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors				Sandy Organ Listed Listed	Organic Content in Surfa	oils	
	o hydric indic nt plowed area		kely freq		overed with eroded Sk	ipopa series	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Lo this Comming Daint Within a Westland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland? NO	YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

End 11b Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC		County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	12a wetland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Bare soil	100%		9			
2			10			
3			11			
4			12			
5			13			
6			14			
7			15			
8			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						
Remarks Heavily used area for plow and harvesting equipment, essentially a road						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks)	Primary Indicators:
Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	☐ Inundated
Aerial Photographs	 Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
☐ Other	☐ Water Marks
<u>_</u>	☐ Drift Lines
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Sediment Deposits

F	FIELD OBSER\	/ATIONS					
DEPTH OF SURFACE SURFA SPRI		FACE Second		ondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches			
DEPTH TO FI	REE WATER	(IN)			Water-Stained Leaves Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test		
DEPTH TO S. SOIL	ATURATED		(IN)		Other (Explain in		
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	ne (Series and	Phase): Nookach	namps	- hydric	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (S	ubgroup)	·	Field NO	Observat	tions Confirm Mapped	Type? <u>YES</u>	
		PROF	ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	(Mu	e Colors insell oist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
9"		2.5 y 4/4	5 y	y 5/1	infrequent	Silt loam	
12"		2.5y 6/1	10	yr 5/8	numerous		
		HYDRIC	SOIL	INDICAT	ORS:		
 ☐ Histosol ☐ Histic Epipedon ☐ Sulfidic Odor ☐ Aquic Moisture Regime ☐ Reducing Conditions 			 ☐ Concretions ☐ High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy Soils ☐ Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils ☐ Listed on Local Hydric Soils List 				
Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors				Listed on National Hydric Soils List Other (Explain in Remarks)			
Remarks:				U Otne	er (Explain in Remarks)	1	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES_	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	<u>YES</u>
Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u>YES</u>	NO		
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	NO		
Remarks				

End 12a Wetland Determination

ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION (1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site Skagit Environmental Bank		Date	12.02.04/12.03.04
Applicant / Owner Sustainable Environments LLC	;	County	Skagit
Investigator Kevin F Noon		State	WA
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site?	YES NO	Community ID	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	YES NO	Transect ID	
Is the area a potential Problem Area? (If needed, explain on reverse)	YES NO	Plot ID	12b upland

VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicato r	Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	
1 Bare soil	100%		9			
2			10			
3			11			
4			12			
5			13			
6			14			
7			15			
8			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-) 0						
Remarks Heavily used area for plow and harvesting equipment, essentially a road						

Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks) Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	WETLAND HYDROLOGY INDICATORS Primary Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper 12 Inches Water Marks
☐ No Recorded Data Available	☐ Drift Lines ☐ Sediment Deposits

F	TELD OBSER\	/ATIONS					
		ROM FACE RING	Secondary Indicators (2 or more Required): Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches				
DEPTH TO FF	REE WATER	(IN)			☐ Water-Stained Leaves ☐ Local Soil Survey Data ☐ FAC-Neutral Test ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)		
DEPTH TO SA SOIL	ATURATED	(IN)					
SOILS							
Map Unit Nam	e (Series and	Phase): Nookacl	namps	- hydric	Drainage Class:		
Taxonomy (Su	ıbgroup)		Field NO	Observat	ions Confirm Mapped T	ype? YES	
		PROF	ILE DE	SCRIPTI	ON		
Depth (inches)	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	(Mu	e Colors insell oist)	Mottle Abundance/Contras t	Texture, Concretions, Structure, etc.	
12"		2.5 y 4/4			none	Silt loam	
		HADDIO		INDICAT	ODS:		
		חזטאוכ	JOIL	_			
☐ Histos				☐ Concretions☐ High Organic Content in Surface Layer in			
☐ Histic Epipedon☐ Sulfidic Odor					dy Soils	nace Layer III	
Aquic Moisture Regime				☐ Orga	anic Streaking in Sandy	Soils	
Reducing Conditions				Liste	ed on Local Hydric Soils	List	

Remarks:

☐ Gleyed or Low-Chroma Colors

Listed on National Hydric Soils List

Other (Explain in Remarks)

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	YES_	<u>NO</u>	Is this Sampling Point Within a Wetland?	VEC
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES	NO		YES
Hydric Soils Present?	YES	<u>NO</u>		

Remarks

Part of annually plowed field adjacent to RCG wetland but higher up slope and no evidence of ponding or redox features

End 12b Wetland Determination